Gleick J., (2011), *The Information*: *A History*, *A Theory*, *A Flood*, New York, Pantheon Books; przekład polski (G. Siwek): *Informacja. Bit, wszechświat, rewolucja*, Kraków, Znak 2012.
Grice P., (1989), "Retrospective epilogue", [w:] P. Grice, *Studies in the Way of Words*, Cambridge (MA), Harvard University Press, s. 339–386.
Hetmański M., (2013), *Epistemologia informacji*, Kraków, Copernicus Center Press.
Mazur M., (1970), *Jakościowa teoria informacji*, Warszawa, Wydawnictwo Naukowo--Techniczne.
Mazur M., (1976), *Cybernetyka i charakter*, Warszawa, PIW.
Scarantino A., Piccinini G., (2010), "Information without truth", *Metaphilosophy*, 41(3), s. 313–330.
Sommaruga G., (2009), "One or many concepts of information?", [w:] *Formal Theories of Information*. *From Shannon to Semantic Information Theory and General Concepts of Information*, [ed.] G. Sommaruga LNCS 5363 Berlin, Heidelberg, New York, Springer, s. 253–268.
Tohm R., (1975), *Structural Stability and Morphogenesis*, New York, Benjamin.
Weizsäcker E.U. von, Weizsäcker Ch. von, (1972), "Wiederaufnahme der begrifflichen Frage: Was ist Information?", *Nova Acta Leopoldina* 37/1 (206), s. 536–555.
Wheeler J.A., (1990), "Information, physics, quantum: the search for links", [w:] W.H. Zurek [ed.], *Complexity, Entropy, and the Physics of Information*, Redwood City, California, Addison-Wesley.
Wiener N., (1961), *Cybernetics*: *Or Control and Communication in the Animal and the Machine*, Cambridge (MA), MIT Press; (przekład polski J. Mieścicki): *Cybernetyka, czyli sterowanie i komunikacja w zwierzęciu i maszynie*, Warszawa, PWN 1971.

Towards unifield theory of information. Mark Burgin's proposition

ABSTRACT. The concept of information is one of the fundamental categories occurring in scientific and everyday discourse. It turns out that the word „information" has many different and not always compatible meanings. The paper is devoted to the presentation and analysis of Burgin's parametric definition of information. The Burgin's proposition is a step towards building an unifield theory of information, which explains and determines what the information is. It also defines and explains all informational phenomena and processes. In this regard it has interdisciplinary character. In addition I list and briefly discuss some features of any unifield theory of information.

KEY WORDS: information, unifield theory of information, infological system

Zbigniew Tworak, Instytut Filozofii, Uniwersytet im. Adama Mickiewicza, ul. Szamarzewskiego 89C, 60-569 Poznań, tworak@amu.edu.pl.